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ECUADOR.

*Report from Guayaquil—Mortality—Smallpox and yellow fever—
Inspection and fumigation of vessels.*

Temporary Acting Assistant Surgeon Gomez reports, September 27, as follows:

Week ended September 26, 1905:

Present officially estimated population, 60,000.

Mortality from all causes, 49, as follows: Smallpox, 4; yellow fever, 1; infectious fever, 6; stillbirth, 2; bronchitis, 1; tuberculosis, 6; tetanus, 1; whooping cough, 1; gastric fever, 4; meningitis, 1; nephritis, 1; pneumonia, 2; paralysis, 1; enteritis, 2; paludic fever, 1; from all other causes, 15.

On September 21 the steamship *Peru*, from Chilean and Peruvian ports, was dispatched for Ancon, Canal Zone, with 4 cabin and 3 steerage passengers from this port; 8 cabin and 1 steerage passengers from ports south were placed in quarantine, to complete ten days from port of last exposure. The passengers were all examined; also 19 pieces of baggage. Vessel fumigated, and 3 certificates of immunity issued.

GERMANY.

Report from Berlin—Death rate of Berlin and other cities.

Consul-General Thackara reports, October 2, as follows:

The death rate of Berlin for the week ended September 16 was considerably lower than that of the preceding week, and thereby lower than it has been for three months, amounting, calculated on the year, to 14.1 per thousand of the population, thus being also lower than the rate for the same week of last year, in which it amounted to 14.8 per thousand. Of the large towns and cities of Germany more than two-thirds showed less favorable health conditions than Berlin, including, among others, Munich, Nuremberg, Stuttgart, Frankfurt on the Main, Cologne, Bremen, Brunswick, Magdeburg, Leipzig, Dresden, Breslau, Königsberg, and Rixdorf (with 16.4). On the other hand, the following cities had a lower death rate than Berlin, viz, Cassel, Hanover, Schöneberg (with 12.3), and Charlottenburg (with 11.9). Paris and Vienna also had a higher death rate than Berlin, while the rate of mortality of London was lower than that of this city.

There were registered 124 deaths from cholera and catarrh of the stomach and intestines (as compared with 206 in the preceding week), 84 deaths from tuberculosis, 48 deaths from acute diseases of the respiratory organs, 37 deaths from cancer, 6 deaths from measles, 4 deaths from influenza, 3 deaths from scarlet fever, 2 deaths from diphtheria, and 6 deaths from enteric fever. Finally, 15 persons died by violence.

GUATEMALA.

Report from Livingston, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Peters reports as follows: Week ended September 30, 1905. Present officially estimated population, 3,500; 2 deaths; prevailing disease, malarial fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.